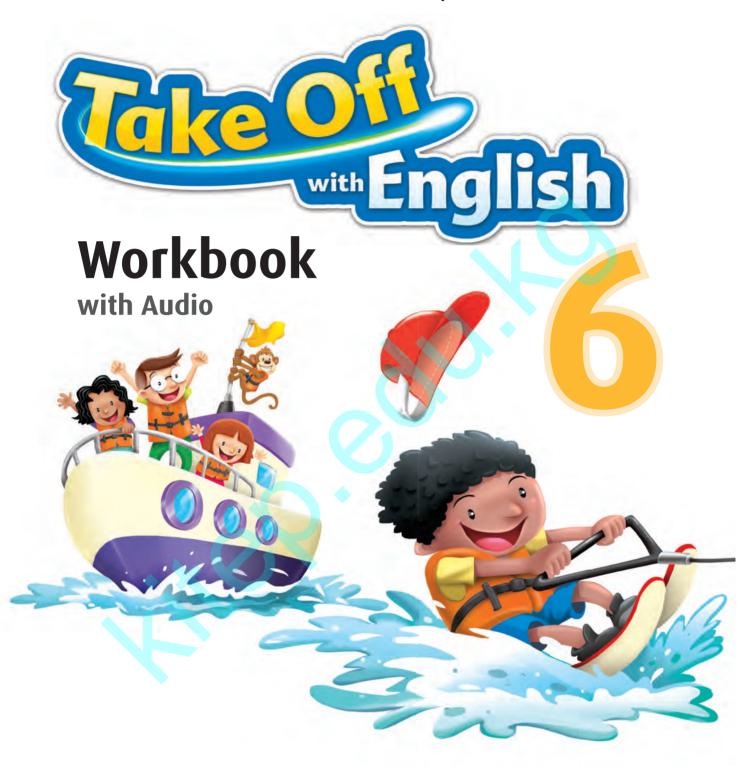
Frances Treloar • Steve Thompson



Bishkek 2025

Walk through

Take Off with English makes it easy for language learners to achieve a solid foundation in English and for teachers to measure their pupils' progress. It prepares learners for success in today's world by teaching them skills such as global awareness, critical thinking and collaboration.

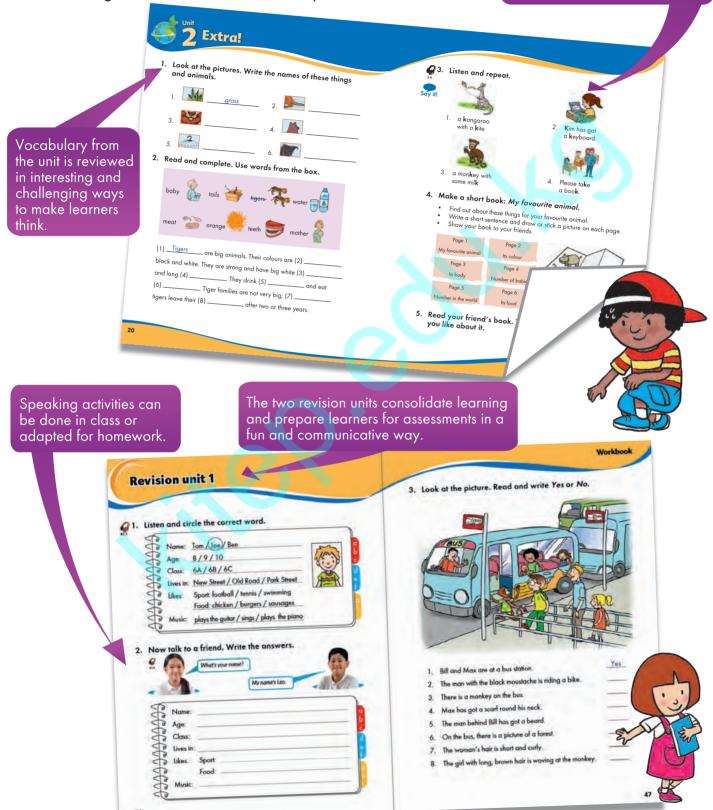
Take Off with English 6 and 7 are perfect for all primary English classes and they fully develop learners' communication skills for the Cambridge English: Movers test syllabus.

The full-colour Workbook provides practice of the vocabulary and grammar taught in the Pupil's Book, and allows further opportunity to develop the four skills of reading, writing, listening and speaking.



The *Extra!* section at the end of every unit of the Workbook reviews language taught in the Pupil's Book while providing extension. It also develops 21st-century skills such as communication, critical thinking, collaboration and creativity.

Simple pronunciation activities in the Workbook introduce learners to the sounds of English and help build confidence.



Contents

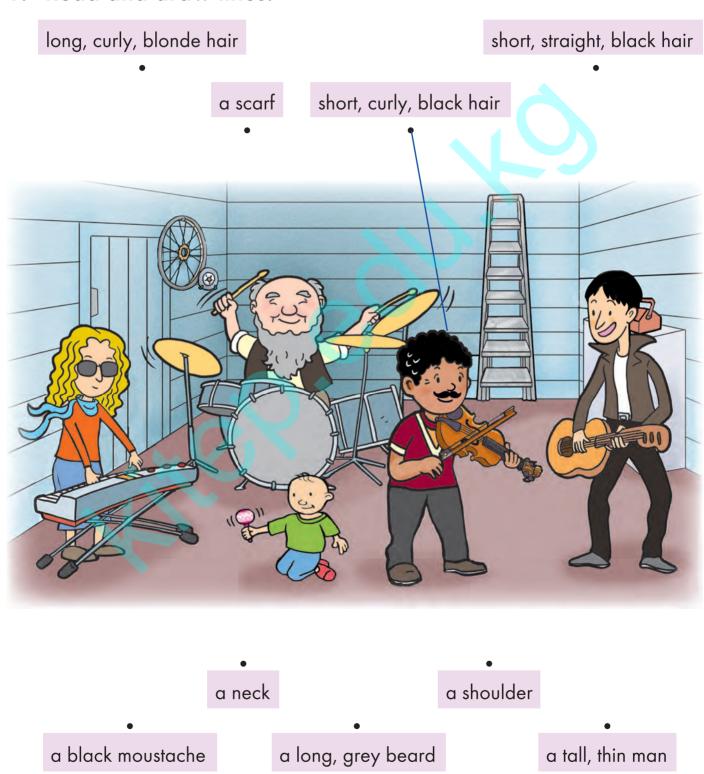
Unit	Page	Vocabulary	
1 The pirates and the parrot	6	Adjectives: blonde (hair), curly (hair), fat, straight (hair), tall, thin Clothing: coat, scarf Parts of the body: beard, moustache, neck, shoulder Other: carry, party	
2 My friends, the animals	14	Animals: bat, bear, kangaroo, lion Other: cage, grass, pet Useful Language: after, always, before, leave, look after, never, often, sometimes	
3 Helping at school and at home	22	Containers: cup, glass Food and drink: tea School and home: bin, brush, rubbish Verbs: buy, cook, empty, plant, tidy, wash, water Other: market Useful Language: first then	
4 The weather's very nice	30	Animals: whale Sports and leisure: holiday The world around us: island, jungle, mountain, river Weather: cloud, cloudy, cold, hot, ice, rain, snow, sunny, weather, wet, wind, windy Verbs: climb, fish Other: email, sweater Useful Language: bad, difference, place	
5 New places to live	38	Ordinal numbers: first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth Parts of a building: basement, ground floor, lift Places: bank, building, bus station, café, cinema, hospital, library, road, supermarket, swimming pool Prepositions: above, inside, near, opposite Other: nest, up	
Revision unit 1	46	Review of have (got) to; have got (for appearance); quite/very, present simple and present continuous; weather; with (for appearance); places; the world around us	
6 Bigger, taller, quicker	50	Adjectives: afraid, loud, quick, round, slow, square, strong, tired Useful Language: another, better than, boring, difficult, easy, worse than	
7 Welcome to Coco Island!	58	Adjectives: high	
8 Can you come to the party?	66	School: homework Verbs: visit Other: a text Useful Language: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, how about?	
9 The picnic by the waterfall	74	Containers: bottle, bowl, plate Food: salad, vegetables Other: menu	
10 After school and at weekends	82	Animals: puppy Family: parents Sports and leisure: comic, sailing, skating Time: weekend Verbs: bring, hate, hide, invent Useful Language: be good at, clever, how much, unusual	
Revision unit 2	90	Review of <i>like/hate</i> + verb + - <i>ing</i> ; superlative adjectives; <i>would like</i> ; quantifiers; food; containers	

Grammar and structures	Functions	Extra!
quite/very: I'm quite (tall). with (for appearance): The boy with (the curly hair) Reinforcement of have got: She has got (long hair). Reinforcement of present continuous: He is wearing (jeans and a T-shirt).	Talking about physical appearance Asking and answering questions on how to identify people	Drawing exercise for grammar and vocabulary review Short o sound (I o ng, bl o nde)
Adverbs of frequency: always, often, sometimes, never: I always walk to school. Prepositions of time: at, after, before: I never play before school. Reinforcement of present simple: I get up in the morning.	Talking about animals and pets Asking and answering questions about daily routines	Animal review Short book: <i>My favourite animal</i> <i>k</i> sound (k angaroo, mon k ey)
have (got) to (for obligation): He has (got) to (tidy the classroom). We don't have / haven't got to (cook dinner). Do you have to (help at home)? What do you have to (do at school)?	Talking about what one and others have to do Asking and answering questions about what has to be done	Verb crossword Short book: <i>Helping people</i> Short y sound (carr y , bab y)
Present simple (for general facts): It's (cold). Present continuous: It's snowing now. Nouns and adjectives for weather: Look at the sun. It's sunny.	Talking about the weather Describing and giving information about pictures and places Identifying pictures based on descriptions	Weather and vocabulary review Short book: <i>Our weather</i> Long <i>a</i> sound (m a ke, f a ce)
Ordinal numbers: 1st-10th Reinforcement of prepositions: The school is between the library and the house.	Giving the order of items Understanding directions Talking about the location of things	Places review Short book: <i>My home</i> ar sound (c ar , sc ar f)
Comparative adjectives: Mr Lee is taller than Bill. The boy is more afraid than the man. The blue dress is better than the red one. I think: I think cold weather is better than hot weather.	Talking about the differences between things and people Expressing opinions and ideas	Comparative adjectives review Poster: <i>We are all different</i> <i>er</i> sound (thinn er , teach er)
Superlative adjectives: The shortest river is Fish River. The happiest girl is Sarah. The most beautiful beach is Whale Beach. The best cake is chocolate cake!	Talking about the differences between things and people Answering questions about people and things	Superlative adjectives anagrams Coco Island colouring exercise or sound (h or se, m or ning)
Question words: how often, when: How often does Bill clean the floor? When does May have to empty the bins? Time and frequency: Bill has to tidy desks once a week. May has to empty the bins on Mondays. Reinforcement of prepositions of time: Sue can play tennis after school.	Talking, asking and answering questions about schedules Asking and answering questions about the frequency of activities	Days of the week crossword Football quiz (time and frequency) ir sound (d ir ty, th ir d)
Quantifiers: a bowl of (soup); a cup of (tea); a bottle of (water); a plate of (chips) would like: I'd like (a cup of tea), please.	Talking about containers Making polite requests	Containers matching exercise s sound (jui ce , i ce cream)
Expressing likes and dislikes: like/hate + verb + -ing: Sam likes fishing at the weekend. Sue doesn't like doing homework. Ogg hates cooking supper. He likes shopping a lot. Sam likes flying a kite the best. May quite likes drawing.	Asking and answering questions about likes and dislikes Talking about the degree of likes and dislikes	Vocabulary crossword Short book: <i>My hobbies</i> <i>ing</i> sound (br ing , play ing)



The pirates and the parrot

1. Read and draw lines.



2. Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences.



1.	He's go	t a lona	, black	beard	
			/ POINT		—∙

2.	He's wearing a red
	round his neck.

3.	He's got short, black,			
	hair.			

4.	He's got a parro	ot on	his	



5.	She's got long, straight,
	hair.

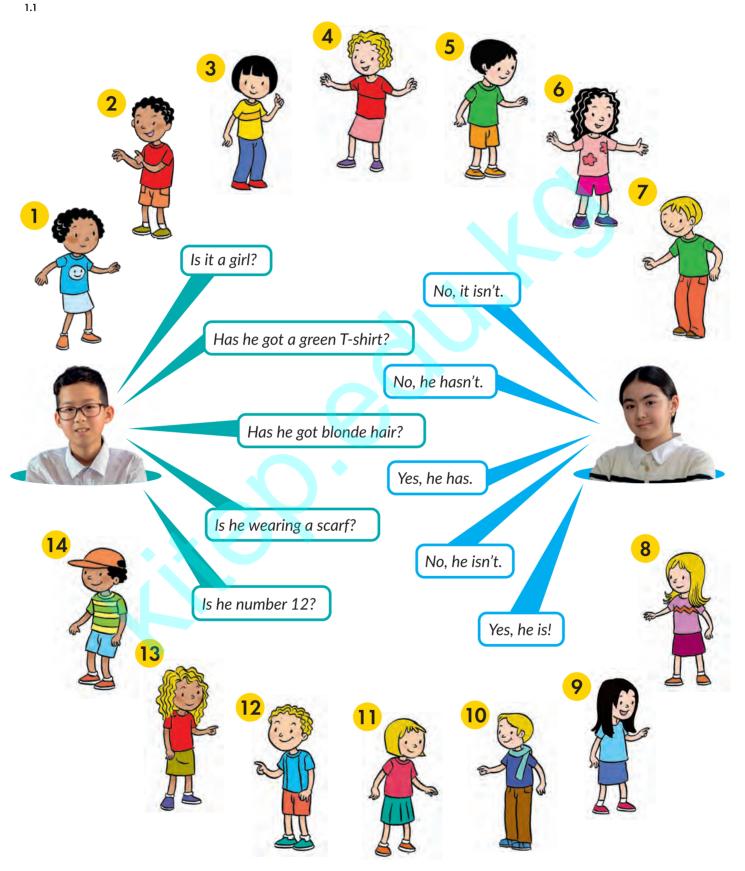
6	She's tall and
O .	

_	-1 /					
7	She's w	marina .	ahl	110		
/ .	OHE 3 W	/Euilla	u bi	UE		

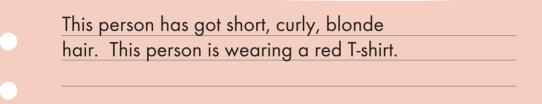
3.	Her dog i	is small,	short,	brown	and



3. Play the game. Ask and answer with your friend.



4. Look at page 8. Read and write the correct number.



Which number person is it? _____

5. Choose a person from page 8. Write about this person. Ask your friend which number it is.

This person

Which is your friend's person? Write the number. _____

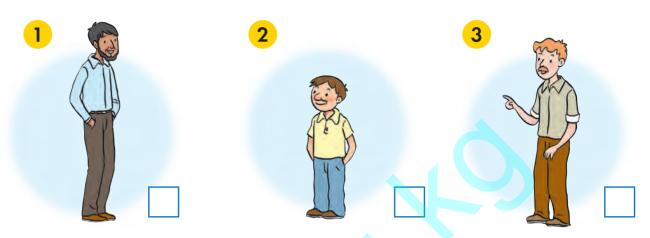
Which is your person? Write the number. _____





Listen and tick (✓).

1. Which man is the boy's father?



2. Which girl is the boy's sister?



3. Which pirate is in the boy's story?



7. Complete the sentences.

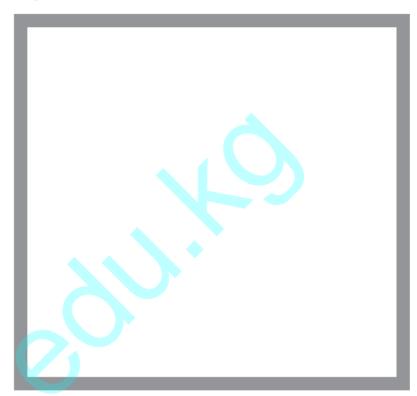
2*



11

1. Read, listen and draw the pirate.

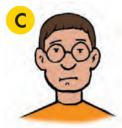
This is Big Red, the Pirate. He has got long hair. It is quite curly and black. He has got a black moustache. He is wearing a red scarf round his neck and a long, red coat. His trousers are blue. He is not wearing any shoes.

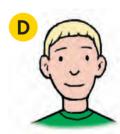


2. Read and match. Write the letter.









- His hair is blonde. It's straight. He hasn't got a beard or a moustache.
- 2. He has got black hair. His hair is quite long and curly. He has a beard, too.
- 3. He has got short, brown hair. His hair is quite straight and he isn't wearing glasses.
- 4. He has got short, brown hair. His hair isn't curly. He is wearing glasses.



Listen and repeat.







a doll with long, bl**o**nde hair



a lorry in a shop



2. a monster singing a song



a dog called 5. Tom



a fr**o**g in a 3. **bo**x

4. Complete the table. Use the words in the box.

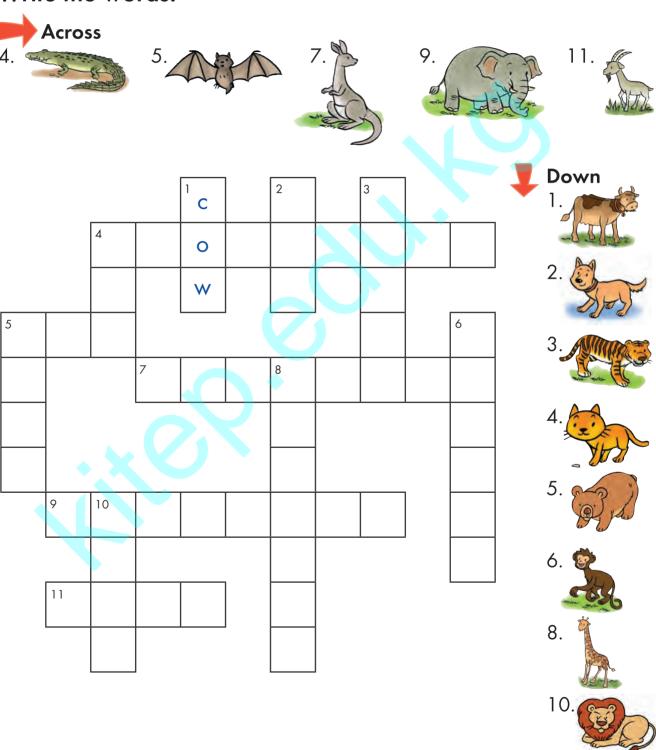
shoulder straight curly black tall neck coat scarf fat blonde thin long glasses eyes

Parts of the body	Things we wear	Words that describe hair	Words that describe the body
eyes	glasses	long	fat



My friends, the animals

1. Write the words.





\bigcirc 2. Listen and tick \bigcirc the correct word.

	always	often	sometimes	never
 Max drinks lemonade. 				✓
2. Rex watches TV in the morning.				
3. Clover goes swimming.				
4. Sue paints pictures of animals.				
5. Dolly sleeps in the afternoon.				
6. Mr Lee rides a bike in the afternoon.				
7. Sam eats fish and chips.				
8. Pex plays with cats.				

3. Talk about yourself. Use the sentences in exercise 2 and always, often, sometimes and never.



I sometimes drink lemonade.



I never watch TV in the morning.





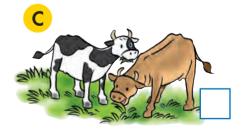
4. Listen, read and match the numbers to the animals.

- 2.3
- 1 These animals sometimes eat meat. They often eat fish. They can be orange, brown, black or white. They often live in houses.
- 3 These animals are black and white or brown. They always eat grass. They live on land.
- 5 These animals often sleep in the day. They are orange and black or white. They have got big teeth. They always eat meat and never eat fruit.

- 2 Sometimes you see these animals in water, on the ground or in trees. They never walk or run. They haven't got legs.
- 4 These animals live in water. They have big teeth and long tails. They haven't got hair. They never eat fruit.
- 6 These animals like water and they often swim.
 They have big teeth and they haven't got hair.
 They always eat grass and never eat meat.

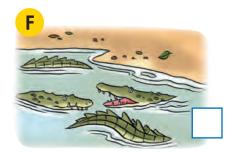












5. Read and complete the sentences with before or after.

- Always look <u>before</u> you cross a street.
- 2. Always clean your teeth _____ you go to bed.
- 3. Always give water to your pet _____ you go to school.
- 4. Bill usually watches TV ______ he comes home from school.
- 5. Sue always washes her hands _____ she sits down to eat.
- 6. Sam never watches TV _____ he has breakfast.

6. Write sentences. Use the words in boxes to help you.



always clean

Always clean the

bird cage.



never give a bath to



always give fruit to

4

never sit

5

always close

never leave with

3-219

7. Ask and answer. Complete the table. Write always, often, sometimes or never.



Do you read in the morning before school?

No, I never read before school.



Do you watch television after school?

Yes, I sometimes watch television after school.

Me		My friend
	Morning (before school) Read Draw pictures Play with friends	
	Afternoon (after school) Sleep Play the piano Look after pets	
	EveningWatch televisionLearn EnglishClean room	

8. Say or write sentences about your friend.



My friend sometimes reads in the morning before school. She never watches television.

9. Write sentences.

	Eats meat for lunch	Goes for a walk after school	Goes to the park in the evening
Bill	X	///	✓
Sue	✓	//	///
Sam	11	✓	X
May	11	✓	//

always: ✓✓✓	often: 🗸 🗸	sometimes: 🗸	never: X
-------------	------------	--------------	----------

1.	Bill never eats meat for lunch. He always goes for a walk after
•	school. He sometimes goes to the park in the evening.

2.			

3.			

4		

10. Write se	ntences about	yourself.	Use alv	ways, e	often,
sometim	es or never.			_	

1. Look at the pictures. Write the names of these things and animals.





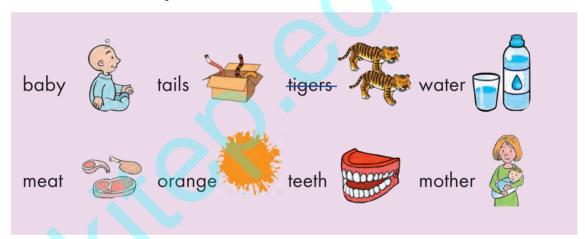








2. Read and complete. Use words from the box.



(1) _______ are big animals. Their colours are (2) _______,
black and white. They are strong and have big white (3) _______
and long (4) ______. They drink (5) ______ and eat
(6) _____. Tiger families are not very big. (7) ______
tigers leave their (8) ______ after two or three years.



3. Listen and repeat.

2.6





1. a **k**angaroo with a **k**ite



3. a mon**k**ey with some mil**k**



2. **K**im has got a **k**eyboard.



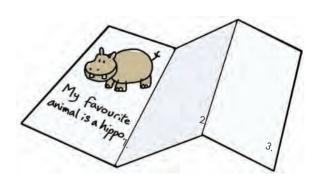
4. Please take a book.

4. Make a short book: My favourite animal.

- Find out about these things for your favourite animal.
- Write a short sentence and draw or stick a picture on each page.
- Show your book to your friends.

Page 1
My favourite animal
Page 3
Its body
Page 5
Number in the world

Page 2
Its colour
Page 4
Number of babies
Page 6
Its food



5. Read your friend's book. Tell your friend what you like about it.

Unit 3

Helping at school and at home



1. Listen, read and repeat.

Let's help!

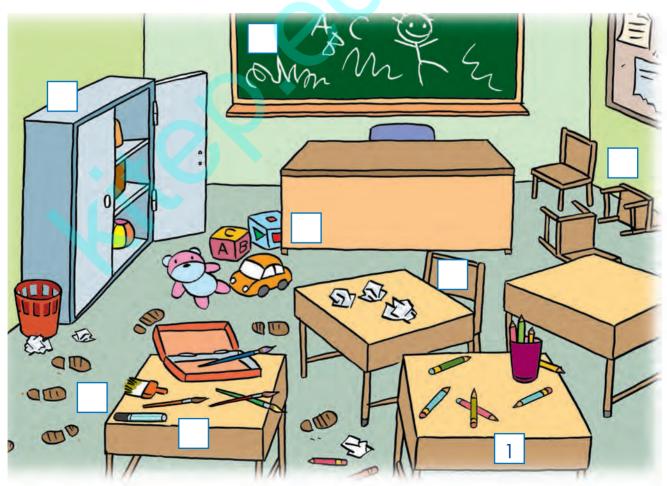
There are a lot of things for us to do. Can you help, May, Bill, Sam and Sue? We have to tidy all the toys. Can you help, girls? Can you help, boys?

We have to close the cupboard door. We have to clean the classroom floor. We have to tidy shoes and socks And put paint brushes in the box.

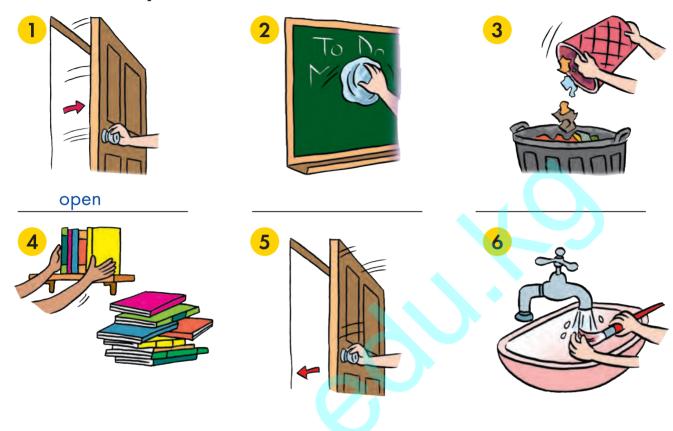


We have to take the footballs in and put our rubbish in the bin.
There are lots of things for us to do.
Can you help, May, Bill, Sam and Sue?

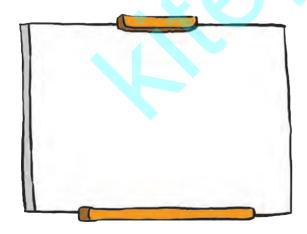
2. Listen and write the numbers.



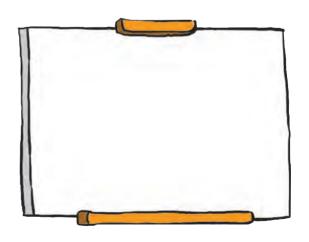
3. What do they have to do? Write the words.



4. How do you help at home? Write two sentences. Draw pictures.



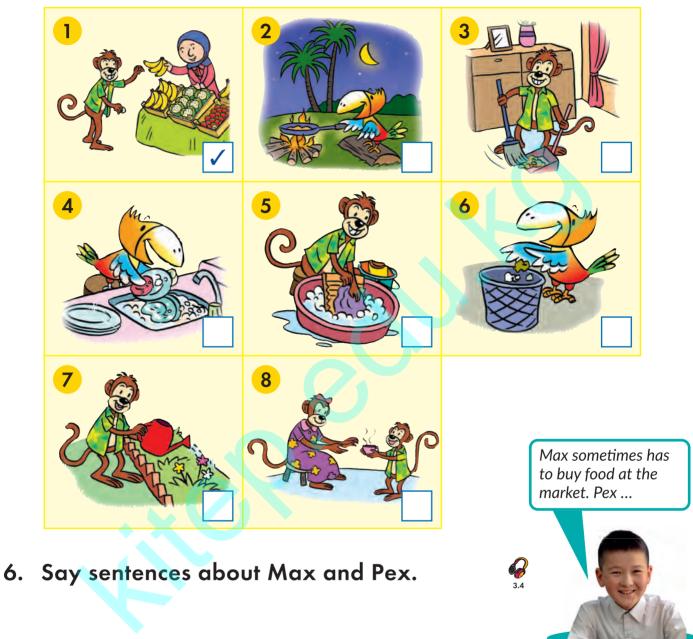
1	I have to



2.		



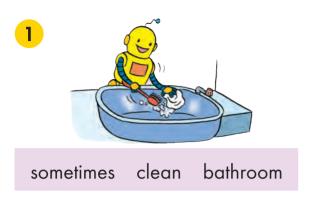
What do Max and Pex have to do? Listen and tick (✓) or cross (✗).



7. Tell your friend about what you have to do.



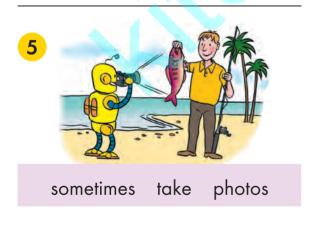
8. Write sentences about what the robot has to do. Use the words in the boxes.

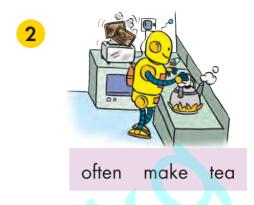


The robot sometimes has to

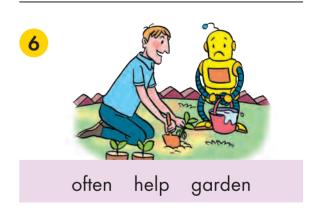
clean the bathroom.





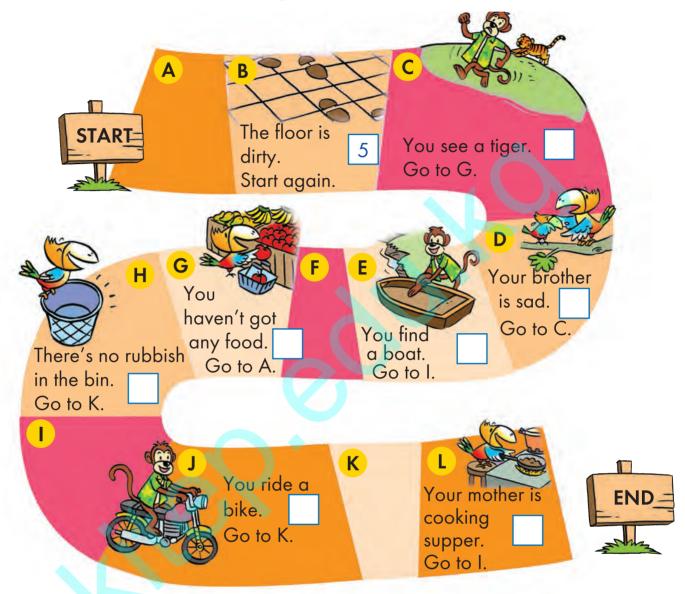






4-219 **25**

9. Read. What do you have to do? Match the sentences in the box to the correct picture. Write the number.



- 1. You don't have to walk.
- 3. You've got to talk to him.
- 5. You've got to clean it.
- 7. You have to help her.
- 2. You don't have to empty it.
- 4. You have to run.
- 6. You have to go to the market.
- 8. You don't have to swim.

10. Now play the game with a friend.

11. May, Sam and the robot can't go to the zoo. Look at the pictures. Write sentences to finish the letters. Say what they have to do.

	Dear Bill, I am sorry. I can't come to the zoo with you. I have to clean the floor and I have to From May
Dear Bill, I am sorry. From Sam	
3	Dear Bill, I am sorry. From Robot

4* **27**

Unit Extra!

Write the words.



Across

3.



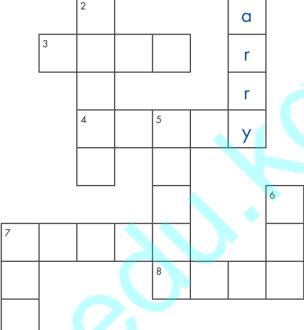
4.



7.



8.





L Down



2.



5.





7.



Listen and repeat.





1. I can carry the baby.



4. Tony is tidy.



2. We are a happy family.



5. Mary has curly hair.



3. A very big lorry.



6. Sally can empty the bin.

3. Read and answer the questions.



How much do you have to help at home?

I don't have to help!



Dan





I've got to clean my room. I have to water the flowers. Sometimes I plant flowers, too.



First I have to tidy my room and then I have to wash the car.

I've got to take my mum a cup of tea in the evening and look after the cat.



Hussam

Axel

Vicky

Who has three jobs to do? ______

- 2. Who doesn't have to help at home?
- 3. How many jobs does Hussam have to do? _____
- 4. Who helps with a pet?

4. Make a short book: Helping people.

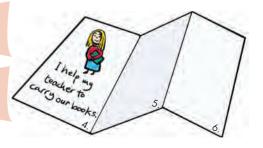
- Think about who you help.
- Write a short sentence and draw or stick a picture on each page.
- Show your book to your friends.
- Talk about what you and your friends do to help.

Page 1
My mum
Page 4
My teacher

Page 2
My dad
Page 5
My friends

Page 3 My brother or sister Page 6

Other people



Think about who helps you. Talk to your friends about it.